



Rev A

Issued: 06/06/2006



Meltric Corporation 4640 Ironwood Drive Franklin, WI 53132 (800)433-7642 www.meltric.com

GENERAL

Meltric's DR, DSR, DN7, and DS7 series industrial plugs and receptacles are designed to ensure user safety and provide reliable connections. Please follow the instructions below to ensure the proper installation and use of the product.

RATINGS

These products are manufactured and rated in compliance with applicable UL and CSA standards. The products ratings are indicated on the device labels.

INSTALLATION

These products should be installed by qualified electricians in accordance with all applicable local and national electrical codes. Before starting, verify that the power is off, that the product ratings are appropriate for the application, and that the conductors meet code requirements and are within the capacities of the terminals noted in Table 1.

Table 1 - Wiring Terminal Capacity¹ (in AWG)				
	Main (Aux. Contacts ²		
Device	Minimum Maximum		Maximum	
DR 30A	14	8	8	
DR 50A	12	4	12	
DR 100A	6	2	14	
DR 150A	4	2/0	14	
DR 225A	4	4/0	14	
DR 250A	4	4/0	14	
DSR 50A	12	4	12	
DSR 100A	6	2	14	
DSR 150A	4	2/0	14	
DN7 50A	14	6	n/a	
DN7 90A	8	2	n/a	
DN7 150A	4	2/0	10	
DS7/DR7	14	6	10	

- ¹Capacity is based on THHN wire sizes.
- ² Auxiliary contacts are optional and may not be on all products.

General Notes & Precautions

1. Self-tapping screws are provided for use with

- some polymeric accessories. High torque may be required to drive them in. Once they are seated, care should be taken in order to avoid over-tightening them against the plastic material.
- Various handles and cord grip options may be used. These instructions are based on handles provided with integral multi-layer bushing cord grips.
- Wire strip lengths are indicated in Table 2. Strip lengths for cable sheathing will depend on the specific application. When used with handles, the cable sheathing should extend into the handle to ensure secure cord gripping.



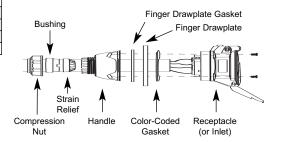
Table 2 - Wire Strip Lengths – Dimensions A						
	Recept	acle	Plug/Inlet			
Device	Inches	mm	Inches	mm		
DR 30A	1/2	12	3/4	19		
DR 50A	9/16	14	7/8	22		
DR 100A	15/16	24	15/16	24		
DR 150A	1 3/16	30	1 3/16	30		
DR 225A	1 3/16	30	1 3/16	30		
DR 250A	1 3/16	30	1 3/16	30		
DSR 50A	9/16	14	7/8	22		
DSR 100A	15/16	24	15/16	24		
DSR 150A	1 3/16	30	1 3/16	30		
DN7 50A	3/4	20	3/4	20		
DN7 90A	1	25	1	25		
DN7 150A phase	1	26	1	26		
DN7 150A ground	5/8	17	5/8	17		
DS7/DR7 phase	1 1/16	27	1 1/16	27		
DS7/DR7 auxiliary	5/8	15	5/8	15		

4. Wiring terminals are spring assisted to prevent loosening due to stand settlement, vibration and thermal cycling. They should not be over-tightened. Appropriate tools and tightening torques are indicated in Table 3.

Table 3 - Terminal Screw Tightening Torques					
	Torque		Required Screwdriver		
Device	in-lbs	N-m	or Allen Wrench		
DR 30A	13	1.5	4 mm or 3/16" precision tip		
DR 50A	16	1.8	5 mm or 3/16" precision tip		
DR 100A	35	4.0	1/4" precision tip		
DR 150A	80	9.0	4 mm hex head		
DR 225A	130	15.0	5 mm hex head		
DR 250A	130	15.0	5 mm hex head		
DSR 50A	16	1.8	5 mm or 3/16" precision tip		
DSR 100A	35	4.0	1/4" precision tip		
DSR 150A	80	9.0	4 mm hex head		
DN7 50A	13	1.5	4 mm or 3/16" precision ti		
DN7 90A	30	3.5	7 mm or 1/4" precision tip		
DN7 150A	80	9.0	4 mm hex head		
DS7/DR7	16	1.8	3.5 mm or 1/8" precision tip		

Assembly for In-Line Connections

When these products are used as in-line connectors, finger drawplates (or a drawbar mechanism) should be installed on both the receptacle and plug in order for the user to more easily provide the leverage required to connect the device.



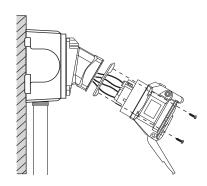
Adjust the bushing diameter to fit the cable by removing inner sections of it as required. Insert the bushing into the strain relief, then insert the assembly into the handle and loosely install the compression nut. Insert the cable through the handle, the thin black drawplate gasket and finger drawplate (if applicable) and the color coded gasket. Strip the cable sheath to provide a workable wire length, being mindful that the sheath must extend into the handle to achieve a secure cord grip. Then strip the individual wires to the lengths indicated in Table 2 and twist the strands of each conductor together.

Back out the terminal screws on the receptacle (or inlet) far enough (but not completely) to allow the conductors to pass, insert the conductors fully into their respective terminals and tighten the terminal screws with the appropriate tool to the torque indicated in Table 3.

Verify that the cable sheath extends beyond the strain relief and into the handle. Assemble the receptacle (or inlet), the color coded gasket, the finger drawplate, and the thin black drawplate gasket to the handle with the four self-tapping screws provided. Adjust the cable location so that it will not be under tension inside the handle and tighten the compression nut to secure the cable.

Assembly for Mounted Receptacles (or Inlets)

In applications where the receptacles (or inlets) are mounted to wall boxes, panels or other equipment, optimal operation is achieved when the device is installed with the latch at the top.



Insert the cable or wires through the wall box and cut to allow adequate length, strip the cable sheath as desired, strip the individual wires to the lengths indicated in Table 2, and twist the strands of each conductor together. Back out the terminal screws on the receptacle (or inlet) far enough (but not completely) to allow the conductors to pass, insert the conductors fully into their respective terminals and hand tighten the terminal screws to the torque indicated in Table 3.

Assemble the receptacle (or inlet) and the colorcoded gasket to the box with the appropriate hardware. Assemble the mating plug (or receptacle) to the cord end as indicated in the assembly instructions above for in-line connections, except there will be no finger drawplate or associated black gasket.

Hole Pattern for Custom Mounting

In applications where custom mounting to a panel or box is desired, the clearance and mounting holes should be drilled as indicated in the following diagram and Table 4.

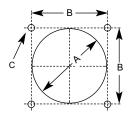


Table 4 - Custom Mounting Dimensions						
	'A'		'B'		,C,	
Model	Inches	mm	Inches	mm	Inches	mm
DR 30A	2.25	57	1.89	48	.19	5
DR 50A	2.50	64	2.17	55	.19	5
DR 100A	3.25	83	2.59	66	.22	5.5
DR 150A	4.00	102	3.20	81	.22	5.5
DR 225A	4.50	114	3.86	98	.28	7
DR 250A	4.50	114	3.86	98	.28	7
DSR 50A	2.50	64	2.17	55	.19	5
DSR 100A	3.25	83	2.59	66	.22	5.5
DSR 150A	4.00	102	3.20	81	.22	5.5
DN7 50A	3.25	83	2.59	66	.22	5.5
DN7 90A	4.00	102	3.20	81	.22	5.5
DN7 150A	4.50	114	3.86	98	.28	7
DS7/DR7	3.25	83	2.59	66	.22	5.5

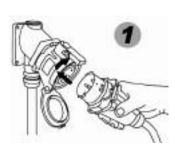
OPERATION

To ensure safe and reliable operation Meltric plugs and receptacles must be used in accordance with their assigned ratings. They can only be used in conjunction with mating receptacles or plugs manufactured by Meltric or another licensed producer of products bearing the

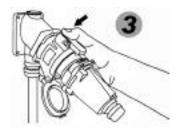
Meltric plugs & receptacles are designed with different keying arrangements, so that only plugs and receptacles with compatible contact configurations and electrical ratings will mate with each other.

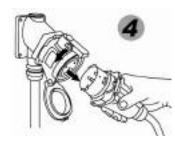
Connection

To connect a plug and receptacle, first depress the pawl to open the lid on the receptacle, then orient the plug as shown in figure 1 so that the red dot on the outside of the casing lines up with the red dot just to the left of the latch on the receptacle casing. Push the plug partially into the receptacle until it hits a stop, then rotate the plug in the clockwise direction until it hits another stop after about 30° of rotation. At this point, the circuit is still open. Push the plug straight into the receptacle as shown in figure 2 until it becomes securely latched in place. The electrical connection is now made. On in-line connectors, squeeze the drawplates on both sides of the device together until the plug latches in place.









Disconnection

To break the connection, simply depress the pawl as shown in figure 3. This will break the circuit and eject the plug straight out to the rest, or off, position. The plug contacts are de-energized at this point. To remove the plug, rotate it counter-clockwise (about 30°) until it releases from the receptacle as shown in figure 4. Close and latch the lid on the receptacle.

Achieving Rated Watertightness

Rated ingress protection applies to the device when the plug and receptacle are mated and latched together. It also applies to the receptacle when the lid is latched closed.

Lockout Provisions

Some Meltric plugs are provided with lockout provisions. To lockout the plug, insert a locking device through the hole provided in the casing. This will prevent the plug from being inserted into a receptacle.

Some receptacles may be purchased with optional lockout provisions. To lockout the receptacle, close and latch the lid and then attach the locking device through the hole provided in the pawl. This will prevent the lid from being opened for the insertion of a plug.

NOTE: Attaching the receptacle locking device with the receptacle lid open will not prevent the insertion of a plug. Lockout of the receptacle is only accomplished when the lid is locked closed.

MAINTENANCE

Meltric products require little on-going maintenance. However, it is a good practice to periodically perform the following general inspections:

- · Check the mounting screws for tightness.
- Verify that the weight of the cable is supported by the strain relief mechanism and not by the terminal connections.
- Check the IP gaskets for wear and resiliency.
 Replace as required.
- · Verify the electrical continuity of the ground circuit.
- Check the contact surfaces for cleanliness and pitting.

Deposits of dust or similar foreign materials can be rubbed off the contacts with a clean cloth. Sprays should not be used, as they tend to collect dirt. If any significant pitting of the contacts or other serious damage is observed, the device should be replaced.

Receptacle contacts may be inspected by a qualified electrician. This should only be done with the power off. It is accomplished by depressing the numbered ring around the circumference of the interior on two opposite points. This will allow the shutter to be manually turned clockwise as required to permit access to the contacts. Once the inspection is complete, the shutter **must** be rotated counter-clockwise until it is locked in the closed position.

MANUFACTURER'S RESPONSIBILITY

Meltric's responsibility is strictly limited to the repair or replacement of any product that does not conform to the warranty specified in the purchase contract. Meltric shall not be liable for any penalties or consequential damages associated with the loss of production, work, profit or any financial loss incurred by the customer.

Meltric Corporation shall not be held liable when its products are used in conjunction with products not bearing the Meltric products in conjunction with mating devices that are not marked with the Meltric product. ™ Quality Label shall void all warranties on the product.

Meltric Corporation is an ISO 9001 certified company. Its products are designed, manufactured and rated in accordance with applicable UL, CSA and IEC standards. Meltric is a also member of BECMA, the international Butt-contact Electrical Connectors Manufacturers' Association. Like all members, Meltric additionally designs and manufactures its products in accordance with BECMA standards established to ensure intermatability with similarly rated products manufactured by other members.